7.1H Angles: Measures and Constructions Name:
$\qquad$
b. What is $\Varangle 11$ ? $\qquad$ c. What is $\Varangle 13$ ?
2. $\angle 13$ and $\angle 14$ are a $\qquad$ pair or $\qquad$ angles. Together, they equal $\qquad$ degrees. If $\Varangle 13=(s-2)^{\circ}$ and $\Varangle 14=(3 s+2)^{\circ}$,
a. What does s equal? $\qquad$
b. What is $\Varangle 13$ ? $\qquad$ c. What is $\Varangle 14$ ? $\qquad$
3. $\angle 5$ and $\angle 4$ are $\qquad$ angles. Together, they equal $\qquad$ degrees. If $\Varangle 5=(3 b+$ $12)^{\circ}$ and $\Varangle 4=(2 b-22)^{\circ}$
a. What does b equal? $\qquad$
b. What is $\Varangle 4$ ? $\qquad$ c. What is $\Varangle 5$ ? $\qquad$
4. $\angle 4$ and $\angle 11$ are $\qquad$
$\qquad$ angles. If $\Varangle 4=[2(4 p-3)-8]^{\circ}$ and $\Varangle 11=(4+2 p)^{\circ}$.
a. What does $p$ equal? $\qquad$
b. What is $\Varangle 4$ ? $\qquad$ c. What is $\Varangle 11$ ? $\qquad$
5. If $\angle 3$ and $\angle 10$ are $\qquad$ angles, and $\Varangle 3=[-(1-2 g)]^{\circ}$ and $\Varangle 10=(5 g+4 g-8)^{\circ}$.
a. What does g equal? $\qquad$
b. What is $\Varangle 3$ ? $\qquad$ c. What is $\Varangle 10$ ? $\qquad$
6. If $\angle 4$ and $\angle 12$ are $\qquad$ angles, and $\Varangle 4=(r-4)^{\circ}$ and $\Varangle 12=(3 r-16)^{\circ}$.
a. What does $r$ equal? $\qquad$
b. What is $\Varangle 4$ ? $\qquad$ c. What is $\Varangle 12$ ? $\qquad$
7. State the relationship between the two angles. Find the value of x.
a.

b.

c.


Complete the constructions below using a compass and straight-edge ONLY. Show all necessary markings.
8. Construct a line segment congruent to the segment below.

10. Construct a line segment whose length is equal to the difference of the lengths of the segments below.

9. Construct a line segment whose length is equal to the sum of the lengths of the two-line segments.

## 11. Construct a line segment three times longer than the given segment

13. Construct an angle equal to $\angle \mathbf{Q}+\angle \mathbf{R}$ with vertex at $P$.

$\stackrel{P}{\bullet}$
14. Construct a copy of the angle ABC with a vertex at point $P$.

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